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CLERK. U.S. DISTRICT COURT

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

GEN-PROBE INCORPORATED.

Plaintiff,

VS.

VYSIS, INC.,

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M Defendant.

CASE NO. 99-CV-2668 H (AJB)

Order Granting Application for **Expedited Briefing on Vysis' Motion** for Entry of Final Judgment Under Rule 54(b)

On July 2, 2001, Vysis filed a Motion for Entry of Final Judgment Under Rule 54(b). Vysis seeks expedited briefing and hearing on the motion due to the discovery closure dates in the case. The Court GRANTS Vysis' request for an expedited briefing schedule. The Motion for Entry of Final Judgment is submitted on the papers pursuant to Local Rule 7.1(d.1).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT

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99CV2668

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Because the Court's claim construction is the foundation upon which all of the remaining 2 issues of the case will rest, it is imperative that the claims be properly construed before addressing those issues. Any holding as to anticipation, obviousness, or nonenablement based on an incorrect 3 construction of the claims of the '338 patent would require the parties to relitigate the case. 4 5 Immediate appellate review by the Federal Circuit would avoid this serious risk. Thus, as discussed above and in Vysis' opening memorandum, it would be ill-advised to proceed with trial of the 6 7 remaining issues absent appellate review of the fundamental issue of claim construction. B. Proceeding to Try the Remaining Counts Will Not Alter Gen-Probe's Obligation

## To Pay Royalties

Gen-Probe's concern that it may continue to pay royalties pending final judicial resolution of the liability issues will not be addressed by refusing to permit immediate appeal of the infringement issue. Gen-Probe is free to cease paying royalties any time it wishes. If it chooses to continue to pay royalties following the summary judgment order it has elicited from this Court, it can only be due to a lack of certainty that that order can be sustained on appeal. Insisting that the parties proceed to trial on the possibly moot validity and enforceability issues cannot relieve Gen-Probe of that uncertainty. Even after trial, Gen-Probe would still face the uncertainty that any judgment it secures in its favor may be reversed on appeal. It is for this reason that the license agreement between the parties specifically contemplates the prospect of royalties until there is a final, unappealable judicial decision on the liability issue. See, e.g., Banks Decl. Ex. B, ¶ 1.3 (requiring exhaustion of all appeals). As noted above, the fastest way to secure that final judicial decision is to permit Vysis to appeal the infringement ruling immediately.<sup>6</sup>

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<sup>(...</sup>continued) claim construction because that count is based upon Gen-Probe's contention that the '338 patent is invalid and unenforceable.

The only remaining relief sought by Gen-Probe – a questionable unfair competition claim for return of royalties paid - cannot be fully resolved against Vysis until there is a final decision on the liability issues, which is most expeditiously obtained by permitting an immediate appeal. Gen-Probe's claim to recover royalties paid can be resolved (if not dropped or settled) after the basic liability issue has been resolved.